



11 Publication number:

0 646 646 A2

(2)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

2) Application number: 94115482.5

(9) Int. Cl.⁶: **C12N** 15/86, C07K 14/705, C12N 9/12, C12N 15/62

2 Date of filing: 30.09.94

Priority: 30.09.93 US 129722

② Date of publication of application: 05.04.95 Bulletin 95/14

Designated Contracting States:
 AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC
 NL PT SE

Applicant: BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY
P.O. Box 4000
Princeton, NJ 08543-4000 (US)

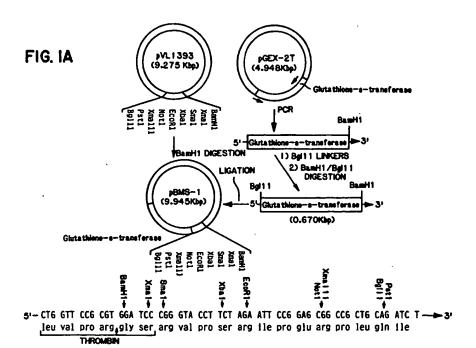
(2) Inventor: Spana, Carl 1 N 43 Cherokee Avenue Yonkers, NY (US) Inventor: Fargnoll, Joseph 367 Cefferty Road Tinicum, PA 18947 (US) Inventor: Bolen, Joseph B. 4 Hamilton Ct. Lawrenceville, NJ 08648 (US)

(2) Representative: Josif, Albert, Dr.-Ing. et al Baaderstrasse 3 D-80469 München (DE)

Protein expression system.

 An expression system for producing and isolating large quantities of protein. This system employs an expression vector, comprising (a) a coding region for a glutathione-binding polypeptide (glutathione-s-transferase preferred), operatively connected to a promoter, (b) a second coding region in-frame with the first coding region, and (c) at least one restriction site between the first and second coding regions wherein a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions will result from expression of the vector. This vector is used in a host cell, which in turn is used in a process for isolating and purifying a protein. This process comprises (a) treating the host cell under conditions allowing expression of the vector, whereby a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions will be expressed; (b) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein will adhere to the resin; and (c) cleaving the expression product of the second coding region from the resin. Also described is a process for expressing a nucleic acid sequence, which comprises (a) inserting the nucleic acid sequence into a baculovirus expression vector in-frame with the first coding region; (b) placing the vector into a host cell; (c) treating the host cell under conditions allowing expression of the vector, resulting in expression of a fusion protein of the first coding region and the sequence inserted in step (a); (d) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein will adhere to the resin; and (e) treating the adhered fusion protein with a protease to release the expression product of the nucleic acid sequence from the resin. A baculovirus/Spodoptera frugiperda expression system is preferred.





The present invention relates to processes for expression of proteins and to expression vectors and host cells used therefor.

The lck gene product, p56^{lck}, is a member of the src family of protein tyrosine kinases. Cooper, J.A. (1990) in Peptides and Protein Phosphorylation (Kemps, B.E., ed) pp. 85-113, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.. The lck protein is normally expressed in T lymphocytes and natural killer cells, where it likely performs a variety of functions relating to signal transduction through ligand binding to selected surface proteins. Bolen, J.A., and Veillette, A. (1989) Trends Biochem. Sci. 14, 404- 407; Rudd, C.E. (1990) Immunol. Today 11, 400-406. In T-cells, p56^{lck} forms a non-covalent complex with the CD4 and CD8a. Veillette, A., Bookman, M.A., Horak, E.M., and Bolen, J.A. (1988). For this reason, p56^{lck} is believed to aid in mediation of signals emanating from the T-cell antigen receptor through ligation of CD4 or CD8 to non-polymorphic determinants on antigen-bearing major histocompatibility molecules. Shaw, A.S., Chalupny, J., Whitney, J.A., Hammond, C., Amrein, K.E., Kavathas, P., Sefton, B.M., and Rose, J.K., (1990) Mol. Cell. Biol. 10, 1853-1862; Doyle, C., and Strominger, J.L. (1987) Nature 336, 79-81. More recently, p56^{lck} has been implicated as a signaling component of the high affinity interleukin-2 receptor. Hatakeyama, M., Kono, T., Kobayashi, N., Kawahara, A., Levin, S.D., Perlmutter, R.M., and Tanaguchi, T. (1991) Science 252, 1523-1528.

A better understanding of the structure and regulation of p56½ and similar proteins would clearly contribute to our knowledge of early signal transduction events and a source of large quantities of purified p56½ would be useful. While early analysis of p56½ functions have been greatly facilitated by antibodies directed against this protein, immunoaffinity purification has been hampered by lack of an abundant source of enzyme. This difficulty has been addressed in part by baculovirus expression systems. Summers, M.D., and Smith, G.E. (1987). A Manual for baculovirus vectors and insect cell culture procedures, Texas A&M bulletin No. 1555, (College Station, Texas Agricultural Experimental Station and Texas A&M University), 10-39. Recent studies using a baculovirus expression system have reported significant purification of p56½ using conventional chromotography methodologies. Ramer S.E., Winkler, D.G., Carrera, A., Roberts, T.M., and Walsh, C.T. (1991) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88, 6254-6258; Watts, J.D., Wilson, G.M., Ettehadieh, E., Clark-Lewis, I., Kubanek, C., Astell, C.R., Marth, J.D., and Aebersold, R, (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 267, 901-907. While this approach results in purified enzyme, multiple column enzyme purification is costly, time-consuming, and requires large amounts of starting material.

Glutathione-s-transferase (Gst) is a protein well known to bind to glutathione (Smith, D.B., and Johnson, K.S. (1988) Gene 67, 31-40). Glutathione resin may be used in column chromatography. The above baculovirus expression systems, however, do not employ Gst.

The present invention relates to processes for expressing isolated forms of proteins and to expression vectors and host cells useful for such processes. In particular, this invention relates to an expression vector, comprising:

- (a) a first coding region, which codes for a polypeptide capable of binding to gluthathione, operatively connected to a promoter,
- (b) a second coding region in-frame with the first coding region, and
- (c) at least one restriction site between the first and second coding regions;
- wherein a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions would result from expression of the vector. Vectors derived from baculovirus are preferred.

Further in accordance with this invention is a host cell comprising such a vector. The preferred host cell is a Spodoptera frugiperda cell, particularly an Sf9 cell, although other host cells are suitable (see below).

Such vectors and host cells are useful in a process for expressing a protein in isolated form, which comprises:

- (a) treating such a host cell under conditions allowing expression of the vector, whereby a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions will be expressed;
- (b) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein will adhere to the resin; and
- (c) clearing the expression product of the second coding region from the resin-bound fusion protein.

Further in accordance with the present invention is a process for expressing a nucleic acid sequence, which comprises:

- (a) inserting the nucleic acid sequence into a baculovirus expression vector in-frame with a first coding region for a polypeptide capable of binding to glutathione, wherein the coding region is operatively linked to a promoter;
- (b) placing the vector into a host cell;

55

(c) treating the host cell under conditions allowing expression of the vector, resulting in expression of a fusion protein of the first coding region and the sequence inserted in step (a);

- (d) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein adheres to the resin; and
- (e) treating the adhered fusion protein with a protease to release the expression product of the nucleic acid sequence from the resin.

For the first coding region, the inventors prefer a sequence encoding glutathione-s-transferase (nucleotide SEQ. ID. NO.: 1; amino acid SEQ. ID. NO.: 2) or a fragment thereof capable of binding to glutathione. This system combines the high level expression of foreign proteins with baculovirus vectors (e.g., in Sf9 cells) and the ability of Gst fusion proteins to bind to glutathione resin. Treatment of the glutathione-binding fusion protein with a proteolytic substance such as thrombin can thus liberate the desired protein from the glutathione-binding portion of the fusion protein. The glutathione-binding portion remains bound to the resin, thus purifying the desired protein.

This expression system presents advantages over other systems, because it allows the practitioner (1) to produce large quantities of protein, (2) to purify significant amounts of active protein by a single chromatography step, (3) to use a wide range of extraction conditions, including non-denaturing detergents to maintain protein function, (4) to use anti-Gst antibodies, allowing for screening of recombinant baculoviruses that express cloned sequences to which antibodies have not been generated or proteins whose function can not be measured, (5) to use a multiple cloning site with many restriction sites for convenient ligation, and (6) to use and/or study thrombin because it includes a thrombin cleavage site.

The following definitions apply to the terms as used throughout this specification, unless otherwise limited in specific instances.

The term "fusion protein" refers to a protein or polypeptide that has an amino acid sequence having portions corresponding to amino acid sequences from two or more proteins. The sequences from two or more proteins may be full or partial (i.e., fragments) of the proteins. Such fusion proteins may also have linking regions of amino acids between the portions corresponding to those of the proteins. Such fusion proteins may be prepared by recombinant methods, wherein the corresponding nucleic acids are joined through treatment with nucleases and ligases and incorporated into an expression vector. Preparation of fusion proteins is generally understood by those having ordinary skill in the art.

The phrase "polypeptide capable of binding to glutathione" refers to proteins, protein fragments, and synthetic polypeptides capable of binding to glutathione. Examples include glutathione-s-transferase and fragments thereof. Suitable fragments may be generated by gene amplification using 5' and 3' primers before translation or by proteolytic cleavage (see Table 1) after translation.

The term "coding region" refers to an open reading frame; i.e., a portion of a nucleic acid that has a sequence that would be translated to form a sequence of amino acids. The term "coding region" includes sequences of naturally occurring proteins as well as sequences resulting from modifications (insertions, deletions, mutations, disruptions) obtained through recombinant methods.

The term "linking region" refers to a sequence of amino acids between coding regions from different sources in a fusion protein. Typically, linking regions encode sites recognized by proteases and thus allow the expression products of the coding regions to be separated from each other.

The phrase "operatively linked to a promoter" means that the promoter is capable of directing the expression of the associated coding region. Coding regions for the fusion protein may also be operatively linked to other regulatory elements, such as enhancers.

The preferred embodiment employs a Gst sequence within commercially available expression vector pGEX-2T. This sequence is derived from Schistosoma japonicum. A number of species are known to produce active isoforms of Gst, all of which are useful in the present invention.

Coding regions for the fusion protein may be spliced into an expression vector by means well understood by those having ordinary skill in the art. Suitable expression vectors may be constructed using standard recombinant DNA techniques known in the art, many of which are described in Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning; A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Habor, NY (1989).

Suitable expression vectors in accordance with the present invention comprise a coding region for a polypeptide capable of binding to glutathione, along with an in-frame sequence for the protein to be isolated. The coding region for the protein to be isolated may be located upstream or downstream of the coding region for the glutathione-binding polypeptide. Preferred are expression vectors comprising one or more regulatory DNA sequences operatively linked to the DNA sequence coding for all or part of Gst.

Expression vectors useful in the present invention typically contain an origin of replication, a promoter located 5' to (i.e., upstream of) the Gst fusion protein sequence, which is followed by downstream transcription termination sequences, and the remaining vector. Control regions derived from a number of sources may be employed in accordance with the present invention. Suitable origins of replication include,

for example, the Col E1, the SV4O viral and the M13 orgins of replication. Suitable promoters include, for example, the cytomegalovirus promoter, the lac Z promoter, the gal 10 promoter and the <u>Autographa californica</u> multiple nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcMNPV) polyhedral promoter. Suitable termination sequences include, for example, SV4O, <u>lac Z and AcMNPV</u> polyhedral polyadenylation signals. An expression vector as contemplated by the present invention is at least capable of directing the replication, and preferably the expression, of the nucleic acids encoding the fusion proteins.

The expression vectors may also include other DNA sequences known in the art; for example, stability leader sequences which provide for stability of the expression product; secretory leader sequences, which provide for secretion of the expression product; sequences that allow expression of the structural gene to be modulated (e.g., by the presence or absence of nutrients or other inducers in the growth medium); marking sequences, which are capable of providing phenotypic selection in transformed host cells (e.g., genes for neomycin, ampicillin, and hygromycin resistance and the like); and sequences that provide sites for cleavage by restriction endonucleases. All of these materials are known in the art and are commercially available.

The characteristics of the actual expression vector used must be compatible with the host cell to be employed. The vector thus may include sequences which allow expression in various types of host cells, including but not limited to prokaryotes, yeasts, fungi, plants and higher eukaryotes. For example, when expressing DNA sequences in a mammalian cell system, the expression vector should contain promoters isolated from the genome of mammalian cells, (e.g., mouse metallothionien promoter), or from viruses that grow in these cells (e.g., baculovirus promoter, vaccinia virus 7.5 K promoter).

Suitable commercially available expression vectors into which DNA sequences for the fusion proteins may be inserted include the mammalian expression vectors pcDNAI or pcDNA/Neo, the baculovirus expression vectors pBlueBac and pVL1393 (which is preferred), the prokaryotic expression vector pcDNAII and the yeast expression vector pYes2, all of which may be obtained from Invitrogen Corp., San Diego, CA. Preferred are commercially available vectors that already have Gst sequences included, such as pGEX-2T.

The present invention additionally concerns host cells containing an expression vector that comprises a DNA sequence coding for a Gst fusion protein. The host cells preferably contain an expression vector which comprises all or part of the DNA sequence for the protein to be isolated together with a DNA sequence for a polypeptide capable of binding glutathione. See, for example, the expression vector appearing in the Experimental Procedures hereinbelow, which is preferred. Further preferred are host cells containing an expression vector comprising one or more regulatory DNA sequences capable of directing the replication and/or the expression of and operatively linked to a DNA sequence coding for all or part of the fusion protein. Suitable host cells include both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. Suitable prokaryotic host cells include, for example, E. coli strains HB101, DH5a, XL1 Blue, Y1090 and JM101. Suitable eukaryotic host cells include, for example, Spodoptera frugiperda insect cells (which are preferred), COS-7 cells, human skin fibroblasts, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae cells.

Expression vectors may be introduced into host cells by various methods known in the art. For example, transfection of host cells with expression vectors can be carried out by the calcium phosphate precipitation method. However, other methods for introducing expression vectors into host cells, for example, electroporation, liposomal fusion, nuclear injection, and viral or phage infection can also be employed.

Once an expression vector has been introduced into an appropriate host cell, the host cell may be cultured under conditions permitting expression of large amounts of the fusion protein.

Figure 1: Construction of pBMS-I

15

45

- A. <u>Outline of the cloning procedure</u>. The glutathione-s-transferase gene was cloned into the <u>Bam</u> H-1 site of the <u>Sf9</u> expression vector pVL1393 to make the Gst fusion expression vector pBMS-1. The restriction map of the pBMS-1 polylinker, and the thrombin cleavage site are shown.
- B. Schematic of the GstLck fusion junction. Ick was joined to the Gst coding sequence using a Stu-1 site located 24 base pairs upstream of the lck initiation methionine codon.

Figure 2: Analysis of GstLck purified from Sf9 cells.

- A. SDS-PAGE analysis and Coomassie staining pattern. Lane 1 shows the result from 50 μg of total protein from infected Sf9 cells; lane 2, 1 μg of purified GstLck; lane 3, 0.5 μg of thrombin-cleaved GstLck (recombinant p56lck).
- B. <u>SDS-PAGE analysis of autophosphorylated GstLck</u>. Lane 1 shows the result from autophosphorylation of Gst<u>Lck</u>; lane 2, autophosphorylation of recombinant p56^{lck}.
- C. Western blot analysis of the sample used in panel B using a polyclonal rabbit anti-lck antibody. Lane 1 shows the result from GstLck; Lane 2, recombinant p56^{tek}.

 Figure 3: Autophosphorylation of GstLck.

- A. Western blot analysis of p56kt. Lane 1 shows the result from immunoprecipitated p56kt from CEM-6 cells; lanes 2-4, GstLck from infected Sf9 cell lysates purified using the following methods. Lane 2, immunoprecipitation using anti-lck polyclonal antibodies; lane 3, immunoprecipitation using anti-Gst polyclonal antibodies; lane 4, affinity purification using glutathione resin.
- B. Analysis of the enzymatic activity of p56 to GstLck purified as outlined in panel A. Activity was assessed by autophosphorylation. The same protein samples and quantities were loaded as in panel A.

Figure 4: Phosphorylation of enolase by GstLck.

- A. Phosphorylation of enolase as a function of GstLck concentration. Each reaction was carried out for 1 minute at 30 °C, with 3 μg of enolase as substrate, and varying amounts of GstLck. Lane 1 shows the result from 0 μg GstLck; Lane 2, 0.04 μg GstLck, lane 3, 0.08 μg GstLck; lane 4, 0.12 μg GstLck; lane 5, 0.2 μg GstLck; lane 6, 0.28 μg GstLck; lane 7, 0.36 μg GstLck; lane 8, 0.44 μg GstLck; lane 9, 0.52 μg GstLck.
- B. <u>Time course of enolase phosphorylation by GstLck</u>. Each reaction was carried out at 30°C, with 0.4 µg of GstLck, and 3 µg of enolase as substrate. Lane 1 shows the result after 0 minutes; lane 2, 0.5 minute; lane 3, 1 minute; lane 4, 2 minutes; lane 5, 3 minutes.

Figure 5: Phosphorylation of enolase by thrombin-cleaved GstLck.

- A. Phosphorylation of enolase as a function of recombinant p56^{lck}concentration. Each reaction was carried out for 1 minute at 30 °C, with 3 μg of enolase as substrate, and varying amounts of recombinant p56^{lck}. Lane 1 shows the result from 0 μg p56^{lck}; lane 2, 0.01 μg p56^{lck}; lane 3, 0.02 μg p56^{lck}; lane 4, 0.03 μg p56^{lck}; lane 5, 0.05 μg p56^{lck}; lane 6, 0.07 μg p56^{lck}; lane 7, 0.09 μg p56^{lck}; lane 8, 0.11 μg p56^{lck}.
- B. Time course of enolase phosphorylation by recombinant p56^{lck}. Each reaction was carried out at 30 °C, with 0.01 μg of recombinant p56^{lck}, and 3 μg of enolase as substrate. Lane 1 shows the result after 0 minutes; lane 2, 0.5 minutes; lane 3, 1 minute; lane 4, 2 minutes; lane 5, 3 minutes.

Experimental Procedures

10

15

20

25

35

Construction of p56lck expression vectors. A Stu-1 fragment from the mouse lck cDNA (Marth, J.D., Peet, R., Krebs, E.G., and Perlmutter, R. (1985) Cell 43, 393-404) was cloned into the filled-in Eco-R1 site of the vector pGEX-2T (Pharmacia). The resulting plasmid pGEX-lck is capable of expressing a glutathione-stransferase/Lck (GstLck) fusion protein when transfected into E. coli cells. The GstLck coding sequence from pGEX-lck was amplified by PCR. The 5' PCR primer

5' TAT AAA TAT GTC CCC TAT ACT A 3' (SEQ. ID. NO.: 3),

40 was synthesized on an Applied Biosystems, Inc. model 380A synthesizer. This primer hybridizes to the 5' region of the Gst coding sequence and encodes the ribosome binding site for the baculovirus polyhedrin gene. The 3' PCR primer,

5' CGT CAG TCA GTC ACG AT 3' (SEQ. ID. NO.: 4),

hybridizes to sequences immediately 3' to the polylinker of pGEX-2T. This primer pair can be used to amplify any sequence cloned into the polylinker of pGEX-2T as a Gst/insert fusion. The amplified GstLck coding sequence was cloned into the vector pCR1000 (InVitrogen, Inc.) resulting in the plasmid pCR1000-GstLck. The pCR1000 vector was designed for easy cloning of PCR-amplified DNA, and was used as an intermediate cloning vector. A Not-1, Bgl-II fragment from pCR1000-GstLck containing GstLck coding sequence was cloned into the Not-I, Bgl-II sites of pVL1393. Lukow, V.A., and Summers, M.D. (1988) Virology 167, 56-71. The resulting plasmid, pVL1393-GstLck (A.T.C.C. Accession No. ____, American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, Maryland 20852-1776) was used to produce a recombinant baculovirus in Spodoptera frugiperda 9 (Sf9) cells following standard procedures. Summers, M.D., and Smith, G.E. (1987). A Manual for baculovirus vectors and insect cell culture procedures, Texas

A&M bulletin No. 1555, (College Station, Texas Agricultural Experimental Station and Texas A&M University), 10-39. The cloning scheme used for the construction of pBMS-I is outlined in figure 1A. The PCR primers used are the same described above.

Purification of GstLck from Sf9 cells. A 500 mL spinner culture of infected Sf9 cells in Excell-400 medium (JRH Biosciences) was harvested 48 hours after infection by centrifugation at 4 °C for 5 minutes. The cells were lysed in 50 mL of cold 50 mM Tris pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 2 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 1%-(vol/vol) NP-40, 1 mM PMSF, 0.1 mg/mL aprotinin, 0.1 mg/mL leupeptin, 1 mM NaF, and 1 mM Na₃VO₄ - (lysis buffer). Insoluble material was removed by centrifugation at 10,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4 °C. The resulting cell lysate was determined to have a protein concentration of 9.5 mg/mL using the Coomassie Protein Assay Reagent (Pierce).

The GstLck protein was purified by a one-step affinity chromatograpy procedure using glutathione resin as described by the manufacturer (Pharmacia). For this experiment, 50 mg of Sf9 cellular lysate containing the GstLck protein was added to a 2-mL glutathione column and the unbound material removed by washing with 50 mL of lysis buffer. Bound proteins were eluted from the column with 2 column volumes of lysis buffer containing 5 mM glutathione. Eluted protein was diluted to 15 mL with lysis buffer and concentrated using a Centriprep 30 Concentrator unit (Amicon, Inc.). Two additional dilutions and concentrations were performed to remove the remaining glutathione. The concentrated protein was adjusted to 10% glycerol and stored at -70 °C. This procedure yielded 28.0 mg of greater than 99% pure GstLck as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie Blue staining analysis.

To obtain p56kth protein lacking the Gst peptide sequences, GstLck was digested with the proteolytic enzyme thrombin to generate cleaved p56kth (cp56kth). For this procedure 5 mg of thrombin was added to 20 mg of purified GstLck in a volume of 50 mL lysis buffer, containing 2.5 mM CaCl₂ for 1 hour at 25°C. To remove uncleaved GstLck and cleaved Gst, the products were mixed with 20 mL of glutathione resin. The glutathione resin was removed by centrifugation leaving the cp56th in the supernatant. The yield from this procedure was approximately 5 mg of recombinant p56th which was stored in 10% glycerol at -70°C.

Immune-complex protein kinase assays. Analysis of protein kinase activity conducted on immune-complexes was carried out as previously described. Veillette, A., Horak, I.D., Horak, E.M., Bookman, M.A., and Bolen, J.A. (1988) Mol. Cell. Biol. 8, 4353-4361. Briefly, immune-complexes formed from cellular lysates and the indicated antisera were collected by the addition of formalin-fixed Staphyloccocus aureus - (Pansorbin, Calbiochem) and washed extensively in lysis buffer. Protein kinase reactions were initiated by the addition of 30 mL kinase buffer (20 mM MOPS pH 7,5 mM MnCl₂, 1 mM ATP) containing 12.5 μCi [γ-³²P]-ATP (3000Ci/mmol, New England Nuclear). The reactions were allowed to proceed for 5 minutes at room temperature and stopped by addition of an equal volume of 2X SDS loading buffer (0.125 M Tris-HCl pH 6.8, 4% (weight/vol) SDS, 20% (vol/vol) glycerol, 10% (vol/vol) 2-mercaptoethanol). The phosphorylated products in SDS loading buffer were heated for 5 minutes at 90 °C and analyzed by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography. The ³²P-labeled bands of interest were excised from the gel and counted in a Beckman LS6000TA liquid scintillation counter.

Soluble protein kinase assays. The enzymatic activity of GstLck and cp56tck were evaluated by their capacity to phosphorylate the Lck exogenous substrate rabbit muscle enclase (Sigma). To determine the time course of enolase phosphorylation, 3 µg of GstLck or 1 µg of cp56kk was added to 100 µl of kinase buffer containing 12 μ g enclase and 25 μ Ci [γ^{-32} P] ATP and the reactions were conducted at 30 °C for the indicated times. At each point, 10 µL of the reaction mix was removed, added to 30 µL of 2X SDS loading buffer and heated for 5 minutes at 90°C. The reaction products were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography. The bands corresponding to enclase were excised from the gel and counted by liquid scintillation spectroscopy. To determine the K_m for enolase, serial dilutions of enolase were added to kinase buffer containing 5 μ Ci [γ -32P]-ATP, and either 0.1 μ g of Gst<u>Lck</u> or 0.01 μ g of cp56^{lck} were added per reaction. Reaction conditions and the counts incorporated into enolase were determined as described above. For the K_m determination of ATP, a 1:10 dilution of $[\gamma^{-32}P]$ -ATP was added to kinase buffer containing 3 µg enclase. For each ATP dilution, 1 µg of cp56kk was added in a total volume of 30 µL and reacted for 30 seconds at 30 °C. Reactions were stopped by addition of 30 μL of 2X SDS loading buffer and heated to 90 °C. The reaction products were analyzed by SDS-PAGE, the phosphorylated proteins visualized by autoradiography, and 32P incorporation determined by liquid scintillation spectroscopy of the excised bands.

Other biochemical assays and materials. Lck immunoblot analysis was conducted as previously described using rabbit anti-Lck antisera. Veillette, A., Bookman, M.A., Horak, E.M., and Bolen, J.A. (1988) Cell 55, 301-308. Partial proteolytic peptide analysis using Staphylococcus aureus V8 protease (Pierce) has also been previously described. Veillette, A., Horak, I.D., Horak, E.M., Bookman, M.A., and Bolen, J.A. (1988) Mol. Cell. Biol. 8, 4353-4361; Marth, J.D., Cooper, J.A., King, C.S., Ziegler, S.F., Tinker, D.A, Overell,

R.A, Krebs, E.G., and Perlmutter, R.M. (1988) Mol. Cell. Biol. 8, 540-550. The human T-cell lymphoma cell line CEM was grown in RPMI 1640 media supplemented with 10% (vol/vol) tetal bovine serum and antibiotics (penicillin/streptomycin). For immunoprecipitation experiments, the cells were washed in phosphate buffered saline, collected by centrifugation, lysed in lysis buffer, and adjusted to 1 mg/ml prior to addition of anti-Lck antisera. Antisera directed against Gst was prepared by immunization of rabbits with purified Gst. Antisera directed against Lck amino acids 39-58 has been previously described. Veillette, A., Bookman, M.A., Horak, E.M., and Bolen, J.A. (1988) Cell 55, 301-308.

Results

10

Construction of expression vectors. Figure 1A outlines the cloning strategy used to create the expression vector pBMS-I. The Gst coding sequence from pGEX-2T was cloned by PCR amplification, and ligated into the baculovirus expression vector pVL1393. The 5' PCR primer was designed to optimize translation of the Gst coding sequence in Sf9 cells. This was accomplished by changing the sequence surrounding the initiation methionine of Gst to encode the ribosomal binding site of the baculovirus polyhedrin gene. The pBMS-I polylinker contains 9 unique cloning sites, and can be used to make a recombinant baculovirus that expresses inserts as a Gst fusion protein in Sf9 cells.

The fusion junction of the GstLck coding sequences cloned into pVL1393 is schematically shown in figure 1B. The thrombin cleavage site is also indicated. This plasmid pVL1393-GstLck was used to make a recombinant baculovirus that expressed high levels of the GstLck fusion protein in St9 cells. Thrombin cleavage of GstLck protein resulted in a recombinant p56tck (cp56tck) molecule containing an additional 13 amino acids at the Lck amino-terminus. These additional amino acids had no apparent affect on the in vitro enzymatic activity of recombinant p56tck. This was determined by comparing the immune-complex protein kinase activities of cp56tck with that of wild-type p56tck expressed in St9 cells.

Purification of GstLck from Sf9 cells. Total detergent lysates were made from Sf9 cells expressing the GstLck fusion protein as outlined in Experimental Procedures. Lysate containing GstLck was bound to a glutathione-sepharose column and eluted with 5 mM glutathione in lysis buffer. The glutathione-bound products from this column were analyzed by Coomassie staining following fractionation on SDS polyacrylamide gels. As shown in figure 2A, a single polypetide of approximately 83 kDa was observed which corresponds to the expected size for the GstLck fusion protein. Following thrombin cleavage (figure 2A, lane 3), the recombinant Lck protein was observed to migrate as two closely spaced bands at approximately 56 kDa.

Functional analysis of GstLck and cp56lck. To evaluate the kinase activity of the purified GstLck and cp56lck proteins, protein kinase assays were performed. The results of these reactions (figure 2B) demonstrated that purified GstLck and cp56lck maintained their autophosphorylation capacity. As expected, no kinase activity was detected in purified preparations of Gst. The data shown in figure 2C represents the corresponding Lck immunoblot using polyclonal rabbit antibodies against the p56lck unique region. Based on the relative amounts of Lck protein detected in the kinase reactions, it appears that the specific activity of the cp56lck may be slightly higher than that of the GstLck fusion protein. Anti-phosphotyrosine immunoblot analysis of similar reaction products generated using non-radioactive ATP demonstrated that the autophosphorylation products (as well as the phosphorylation of exogenous protein substrate enolase used in other experiments) were phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Additionally, partial V8 peptide analysis of the autophosphorylation products of the GstLck and cp56lck reactions yielded major V8 phosphopeptides indistinguishable from that of T-cell derived p56lck autophosphorylated in immune-complex kinase assays.

The level of GstLck enzymatic activity was also compared to that of wild type p56kk immunoprecipitated from T-cell detergent lysates. For these experiments, GstLck was precipitated from infected Sf9 detergent lysates with anti-Lck antisera, anti-Gst antisera, or with glutathione-Sepharose beads. The p56kt from T-cell lysates was immunoprecipitated with anti-Lck antisera. The various complexes were washed extensively with lysis buffer and divided into two equal aliquots. One aliquot was used to perform protein kinase assays (figure 3B) while the other aliquot was used for Lck immunoblot analysis (figure 3A). The results of this experiment demonstrate that precipitation of the GstLck protein using either antibodies or glutathione beads yielded molecules with similar specific activities as assessed by autophosphorylation. Comparison with p56kt derived from T-cells showed that the specific activity of the Sf9 derived GstLck protein was significantly higher.

To further characterize the kinetic parameters of GstLck and cp56lck, kinase activity of the fusion protein and cleaved enzyme was studied using rabbit muscle enolase as an exogenous substrate. As shown by the data presented in figure 4, the phosphorylation of enolase by GstLck was found to be both time and

concentration dependent. Similar results were obtained for cp56 $\frac{lck}{L}$ (figure 5). The K_m and V_{max} values for ATP and enclase were determined using a reaction time of 30 seconds and the results summarized in Table I. The affinity of cp56 $\frac{lck}{L}$ for enclase was found to be approximately 10-fold higher then that of Gst $\frac{lck}{L}$. More critically the K_m and V_{max} values determined for cp56 $\frac{lck}{L}$ are comparable to values obtained for other $\frac{lck}{L}$ are the second se

Attempts to produce functional GstLck in E. coli were unsuccessful. The resulting fusion protein was expressed, but it lacked detectable protein kinase activity and was found to be insoluble in detergents. The latter feature is common to expression of many eukaroytic proteins in bacteria. Marston, A.O. (1986) J. Biochem. 240, 1-12; Miller, D.W., Saher, P., and Miller, L.K. (1986) in Genetic Engineering, vol. 8, pp. 277-298, Plenum, New York; Miller, L.K. (1989) in Ann. Rev. Microbiol. 42, 177-199. Among the advantages of expression of eukaryotic proteins in Sf9 cells is the capacity of these cells to allow protein folding and post-translational modification that maintain protein solubility. In the case of Lck, expression of the wild-type p56kk in Sf9 cells using conventional baculovirus expression vectors has shown that Lck is myristylated and phosphorylated on serine and threonine residues. Thomas, J.E., Soriano, P., and Brugge, J.S.. (1991) Science 254,568-571. Since Lck in this system is expressed as a fusion protein with Gst at the aminoterminus, it is unlikely that myristylation occurs. We have not determined whether the GstLck is phosphorylated on serine or threonine residues.

Discussion

20

25

The <u>Ick</u> coding sequences were ligated downstream from the Gst coding region in-frame to yield a plasmid capable of encoding a Gst-p56^{Ick} fusion protein. The p56^{Ick} produced in this manner was found to be a highly active protein kinase, and exhibited the expected biochemical properties of a member of the <u>src</u> family.

Analysis of both the GstLck fusion protein as well as the cp56 ket indicated that each retained significant protein tyrosine kinase activity as measured by autophosphorylation and tyrosine phosphorylation of the exogenous substrate rabbit muscle enclase. Importantly, the Gst sequences, whether fused to Lck or following cleavage from the kinase with thrombin, were not phosphorylated in immune-complex kinase assays or in kinase assays conducted in solution. Both the GstLck and the cp56kk were found to have substantially higher specific activities than p56^{lck} derived from T-cells when measured by immune-complex protein kinase assays. The altered specific activity is likely to be the result of diminished carboxy-terminal tyrosine (tyrosine 505) phosphorylation for Lck in Sf9 cells although we have not determined the phosphorylation sites of Lck in these cells. Veillette, A., Horak, I.D., Horak, E.M., Bookman, M.A., and Bolen, J.A. (1988) Mol. Cell. Biol. 8, 4353-4361; Marth, J.D., Cooper, J.A., King, C.S., Ziegler, S.F., Tinker, D.A., Overell, R.A., Krebs, E.G., and Perlmutter, R.M. (1988) Mol. Cell. Biol. 8, 540-550. The lack of tyrosine 505 phosphorylation of Lck, like that observed with Sf9-derived pp60c-src (Morgan, D.O., Kaplan, J.M., Bishop, J.M., and Varmus, H.E. (1989)Cell 57, 775-786), is probably attributable to the absence of expression of other tyrosine protein kinases such as Csk that are thought to phosphorylate the Src class of kinases at this site. Okada, M., and Nakagawa, H. (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264, 20886-20893; Okada, M., and Nakagawa, H. (1988) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 154, 796-802.

From 50 mg of total St9 protein lysate, the foregoing procedure purified 280 mg of greater than 99% pure (by silver and Coomassie staining) recombinant p56^{tck}. From one liter of infected St9 cells, this system produced approximately 8-10 mg of purified recombinant Lck.

The foregoing procedures were also used to produce GstLynB, GstSyk, GstBlk, GstFyn, and GstYes fusion proteins with comparable results and yields to that reported here for Lck.

The abbreviations used throughout this specification are defined as follows.

ATP adenosine triphosphate
DNA deoxyribonucleic acid

DTT dithiothreitol

MOPS (3-[N-morpholino]propanesulfonic acid)

PCR polymerase chain reaction

PAGE polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis

PMSF phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride

SDS sodium dodecyl sulfate

The gene for GST can be cleaved by enzymes at the positions shown in Table 1. Such nucleic acid fragments can be used to generate partial Gst polypeptides in the fusion proteins of the present invention.

```
Table I
                                    208
                                            Mscl
         11
               Econ1
                                    208
                                            Pall
                                                                  495
         13
               Bfal
                                                                         Asul
                                                                                           667
                                                                                                   Acil
                                    216
                                            Maell
                                                                  495
         13
               BsiYl
                                                                         Avall
                                                                                           668
                                                                                                   Alvi
                                    226
                                            Alul
                                                                  495
 5
               Bsll
                                                                         Bmel81
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   Accll
                                    239
                                           Af1111
         13
               Mael
                                                                  495
                                                                         BsiZl
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   Bsh1236 1
                                    243
                                           Mlalll
                                                                  495
               Rmal
                                                                         Cfr13I
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   Bsp501
                                    243
243
                                           Nsp75241
         17
               BsmF 1
                                                                 495
                                                                         Eco47I
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   BstUl
                                           NspR1
         26
               EcoR1*
                                                                 495
                                                                         Eco471
                                    243
287
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   FnuD11
                                           Nspl
                                                                 495
         26
               Tsp509 1
                                                                         Mlalll
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   Mvnl
                                           Bsql
                                                                 495
         29
               Msel
                                                                         Nsp811
                                                                                           669
                                                                                                   Thal
                                    292
                                           BsrB 1
10
                                                                 495
         33
               Asul
                                                                        NsplV
                                    319
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   Bam R1
                                           Taql
                                                                 495
         33
               Bsi2l
                                                                         Sau96T
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   BSPAL
                                    319
                                           Tth#B81
                                                                 495
         33
33
               Cfr13I
                                                                        Sinl
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   BstYl
                                    323
                                           EcoR1
                                                                 497
               Drall
                                                                        BscB1
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   Dpn11
                                    323
                                           Tsp509 1
         33
               Eco01091
                                                                 497
                                                                        NIATV
                                    333
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   K2091
         33
                                           B<sub>Sm</sub>Al
                                                                 501
               NsplV
                                                                        SfaNl
                                    367
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   Mool
        33
35
                                           Ddel
                                                                 506
               Sau96I
                                                                        DsaV
15
                                    375
                                           Alul
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                   Mfll
                                                                 506
               BsuRl
                                                                        EcoR11
                                           Asp7001 Xmnl
                                                                                           673
                                    394
                                                                                                   Ndel1
         35
               Haelll
                                                                        Apyl
                                                                                           673
                                   394
                                                                                                   Sau3Al
                                                                 508
         35
               Pall
                                                                        BSILL
                                   398
                                                                                           673
                                                                                                  X2xx11
                                           Asull
         36
                                                                 508
                                                                        BSt.NI.
               Pssl
                                                                                           675
                                   398
                                           Bpul 41
                                                                                                   BscB1
         51
                                                                 508
                                                                        BstO1
               Tagl
                                                                                           675
                                   398
                                           BsiCl
                                                                                                  Donl
               TthBB81
                                                                 508
         51
                                                                        Hval
                                                                                           675
                                   398
                                           Bsp1191
                                                                                                   NlaTV
20
         65
               Bogl
                                                                 508
                                                                        SCF1
                                                                                           677
                                   398
                                           Bst.Bl
                                                                                                   BsaJ1
         80
               Eam11041
                                                                 523
                                                                        EcoR1
                                                                                           677
                                                                                                   Beal 1
                                   398
                                           Csp451
        80
               Earl
                                                                 523
                                                                        Fokl
                                                                                           677
                                                                                                  Dsav
                                   398
                                           Lspl
               Ksp6321
                                                                 523
                                                                        Tsp509 1
                                                                                           67.7
                                                                                                   Sec1
                                   398
                                           Nsp7524V
        85
               Mboll
                                                                 536
                                                                        Msel
                                                                                           678
                                   398
                                           Napv
                                                                                                  Agul
        95
               Msl l
                                                                 537
                                                                        Ahalll
                                                                                           678
                                   398
                                           Sful
                                                                                                  Aval
        97
               Mboll
                                                                537
                                                                        Drai
                                                                                           678
                                                                                                  Bcol
25
                                   398
                                          Taql
       102
               Hin6l
                                                                543
                                                                        Maell
                                                                                           678
                                                                                                   BsaJl
                                   398
                                           TthBB81
       102
               RinP11
                                                                553
                                                                        Alul
                                                                                           678
                                                                                                  Bsall
                                   402
                                          Bspll
       102
               RinPl
                                                                563
                                                                        EcoR1*
                                                                                           678
                                                                                                  Cfr91
                                   402
                                          Dpn11
                                                                563
       104
              Accll
                                                                       Tsp509 1
                                                                                           678
                                                                                                  DsaV
                                   402
                                          Rzo91
               Bsh1236 1
                                                                573
       104
                                                                       Csp61
                                                                                           678
                                   402
                                                                                                  Eco881
                                          Mool
                                                                574
       104
              Bsp501
                                                                       Afal
                                                                                          678
                                   402
                                                                                                  PspA1
                                          Ndel1
                                                                574
       104
              BstUl
                                                                       Rsal
30
                                                                                          678
                                   402
                                                                                                  Seci
                                          Sau3A1
                                                                574
       104
              Cfol
                                                                       Scal
                                                                                          678
                                                                                                  Xcyl
                                   404
                                          Donl
                                                                602
       104
              FnuD11
                                                                       Malli
                                                                                          678
                                                                                                  Xmal
                                   412
                                          Mbol1
       104
              Ehal
                                                                603
                                                                       BsuRl
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Ahal
                                   427
                                          Mael
                                                                603
       104
              Mvnl
                                                                       Haell1
                                   428
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Bonl
                                          Ahall1
                                                                603
       104
              Thal
                                                                       Pall
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Bap11
                                  428
                                          Dral
                                                                តា០
       121
              ActI
                                                                       BsiY1
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Hpall
                                   428
                                          SwaT
35
                                                                610
       124
              Hphl
                                                                       Bsll
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Mspl
                                  434
                                          Fbal
                                                                615
       139
              EcoR1*
                                                                       BspW1
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  Ncil
                                  434
                                          Fakl
                                                               615
              Tsp509 1
       139
                                                                       Mario 1
                                                                                          679
                                                                                                  ScrF1
                                  435
                                          Bcl1
       154
              Mooll
                                                               625
                                                                       Mael1
                                                                                          680
                                                                                                  Ahal
                                  435
                                          Bsi01
                                                               629
       188
              Msel
                                                                      Fok!
                                                                                          680
                                                                                                  Bank
                                  435
                                          B<sub>SP</sub>A1
                                                               636
       190
              EcoR1*
                                                                       Acil
                                                                                          680
                                                                                                  Nc11
                                  435
                                          Dpn11
      190
              Tsp509 1
                                                               656
                                                                      Mall
                                                                                          680
                                                                                                  ScrF1
                                  435
                                          K2091
       193
              Hphl
                                                               657
                                                                       BSPAL
                                                                                          680
                                                                                                  Smal
                                  435
                                          Mool
      193
              Msel
                                                               657
                                                                      BstYl
                                                                                          681
                                                                                                  Alwl
                                  435
                                          Ndel1
      205
              BsmA1
                                                               657
                                                                       Dpnl1
                                                                                          683
                                                                                                  Apol
                                  435
                                          Sau3Al
      206
              Cfrl
                                                               657
                                                                      Kzo91
                                                                                          683
                                                                                                  EcoR1
                                  437
                                         Dpnl
                                                               657
       206
              Eael
                                                                      Mbol
                                                                                          683
                                                                                                  EcoRl
                                  440
                                         Fbal
      208
              Ball
                                                               657
                                                                      Mfll
                                                                                                  Tsp509 1
                                  441
                                         Maell1
                                                               657
45
      208
              BsuR1
                                                                      Ndel1
                                          Nlalll
                                  442
      208
              Haelll
                                                               657
                                                                      Sau3A1
                                  445
                                         Rphl
                                                               657
                                                                      Xholl
                                  462
                                         Mialll
                                                               659
                                                                      Dpnl
                                  478
                                         Hgal
                                                               665
                                                                      AÌvl
                                  495
                                         AFII
                                                              665
                                                                      BscB1
                                                              665
```

55

50

NlaIV

SEQUENCE LISTING

5	(1) GENER	RAL INFORMATION:
	(i)	APPLICANT: Spana, Carl Fargnoli, Joseph Bolen, Joseph B.
10	(ii)	TITLE OF INVENTION: PROTEIN EXPRESSION SYSTEM
	· (iii)	NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 2
15	(iv)	CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS: (A) ADDRESSEE: Burton Rodney (B) STREET: P.O. Box 4000 (C) CITY: Princeton
20		(D) STATE: New Jersey (E) COUNTRY: U.S.A. (F) ZIP: 08543-4000
25	(v)	COMPUTER READABLE FORM: (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
30	(vi)	CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: (B) FILING DATE: (C) CLASSIFICATION:
35	(viii)	ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION: (A) NAME: Gaul, Timothy J. (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,111 (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: DC25
40	(ix)	TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION: (A) TELEPHONE: (609) 252-5901 (B) TELEFAX: 609) 252-4526

11

	2.	-30.5	CELIA	T T O 14	FOR	3.E.C.	. ن	NO: 1	:								
5		(i	() ()	QUENG A) L B) T C) S' D) T	ENGT: YPE: TRAN	H: 69 DEDNI	93 b leic ESS:	ase y acid	pair:	5							
		(ii) MO	LECU	LE T	YPE:	CDN	A									
0		(ix)	(,	ATUR! A) N: B) L(AME/I			593			٠						
15		(xi)) SE	QUEN	CE DI	ESCR:	IPTI	ON: 3	SEQ :	ID NO	0:1:						
	ATG Met 1	TCC Ser	CCT Pro	ATA Ile	CTA Leu 5	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	TGG Trp	AAA Lys	ATT Ile 10	AAG Lys	GGC Gly	CTT Leu	GTG Val	CAA Gln 15	CCC Pro	48
20	ACT Thr	CGA Arg	CTT Leu	CTT Leu 20	Leu	GAA Glu	TAT Tyr	CTT Leu	GAA Glu 25	GAA Glu	AAA Lys	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu	GAG Glu 30	CAT His	TTG Leu	96
	TAT Tyr	GAG Glu	CGC Arg 35	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	AAA Lys 40	TGG Trp	CGA Arg	AAC Asn	λ λλ Lys	AAG Lys 45	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	TTG Leu	144
25	GGT Gly	TTG Leu 50	GAG Glu	TTT	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	CTT Leu 55	CCT Pro	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	ATT Ile	GAT Asp 60	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	GTT Val	AAA Lys	192
30	TTA Leu 65	ACA Thr	CAG Gln	TCT Ser	ATG Met	GCC Ala 70	ATC Ile	ATA Ile	CGT Arg	TAT Tyr	ATA Ile 75	GCT Ala	GAC Asp	AAG Lys	CAC His	AAC Asn 80	240
	ATG Met	TTG Leu	GGT Gly	GGT Gly	TGT Cys 85	CCA Pro	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	CGT Arg	GCA Ala 90	GAG Glu	ATT Ile	TCA Ser	ATG Met	CTT Leu 95	GAA Glu	283
35	GG A	GCG Ala	GTT Val	TTG Leu 100	GAT Asp	ATT Ile	AGA Arg	TAC Tyr	GGT Gly 105	Val	TCG Ser	AGA Arg	ATT Ile	GCA Ala 110	TAT Tyr	AGT Ser	336
40	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TTT Phe 115	GAA Glu	ACT Thr	CTC Leu	AAA Lys	GTT Val 120	GAT Asp	TTT Phe	CTT Leu	AGC Ser	AAG Lys 125	CTA Leu	CCT Pro	GAA Glu	394
	ATG Met	CTG Leu 130	AAA Lvs	ATG Met	TTC Phe	GAA Glu	GAT Asp 135	CGT Arg	TTA Leu	TGT Cys	CAT His	AAA Lys 140	Thr	TAT Tyr	TTA Leu	AAT	432
45																	

	GGT Gly 145	GAT Asp	TA3 His	GTA Val	ACC	CAT His 150	Pro	GAC Asp	Phe	ATG Met	Leu 155	TAT Tyr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asp 160	430
5	GTT Val	GTT Val	TTA Leu	TAC Tyr	ATG Met 165	GAC Asp	CCA Pro	ATG Met	TGC Cys	CTG Leu 170	GAT Asp	GCG Ala	TTC Phe	CCA Pro	AAA Lys 175	TTA Leu	528
10					Lys					ATC Ile							57 6
										CCT Pro							624
15										AAA Lys							-672
20				GGA Gly													693
	(2)	INF	ORMA'	TION	FOR	SEQ	ID I	NO:2	:								
25			(i) :	(B) LEI) TY:		23:	l am:	ino : id	: acid	5						
		(:	ii) !	MOLE	CULE	TYP	Z: p:	rote	in								
30		(:	xi)	SEQU	ENCE	DES	CRIP'	TION	: SE	Q ID	NO:	2:					
	Met 1	Ser	Pro	Ile	Leu 5	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Lys	Ile 10		Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 15	Pro	
35	Thr	Arg	Leu	Leu 20	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Leu	G1u 25		Lys	Tyr	Glu	Glu 30		Leu	
	Tyr	Glu	Arg 35	λsp	Glu	Gly	Asp	Lys 40	Trp	Arg	Asn	Lys	Lys 45		Glu	Leu	
40	Gly	Leu 50		Phe	Pro	Asn	Leu 55	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Ile	Asp 60	_	Asp	Val	Lys	
	Leu 65	Thr	Gln	Ser	Met	Ala 70	Ile	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ile 75		λsp	Lys	His	Asn 80	

	Met	Leu	Gly	Gly	Cys 85	Pro	Lys	Glu	Arç	Ala 90	Glu	Ile	Ser	Met	Leu 95	Glu
5	Gly	Ala	Val	Leu 100	Asp	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Gly 105	Val	Ser	Arg	Ile	Ala 110	Tyr	Ser
	Lys	Asp	Phe 115	Glu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val 120	ązĄ	Phe	Leu	Ser	Lys 125	Leu	Pro	Glu
10	Met	Leu 130	Lys	Met	Phe		Asp 135	Arg	Leu	Cys	His	Lys 140		Tyr	Leu	Asn
	Gly 145	Asp	His	Val	Thr	His 150	Pro	Asp	Phe	Met	Leu 155	Tyr	qsk	Ala	Leu	Asp 160
15	Val	Val	Leu	Tyr	Met 165	qsA	Pro	Met	Cys	Leu 170	Asp	Ala	Phe	Pro	Lys 175	Leu
20	Val	Cys	Phe	Lys 180	Lys	Arg	Ile	Glu	Ala 185	Ile	Pro	Gln	Ile	Asp 190	Lys	Tyr
	Leu	Lys	Ser 195	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Ala 200	Trp	Pro	Leu	Gln	Gly 205	Trp	Gln	Ala
25	Thr	Phe 210	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asp	His 215	Pro	Pro	Lys	Ser	Asp 220	Leu	Val	Pro	Arg
	Gly 225	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ile	His 230	Arg								•	÷

30

35

45

Claims

- 1. An expression vector, comprising:
- (a) a first coding region, which codes for a polypeptide capable of binding to gluthathione, operatively connected to a promoter,
 - (b) a second coding region in-frame with the first coding region, and
 - (c) at least one restriction site between the first and second coding regions;
- wherein a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions would result from expression of the vector.
 - 2. A host cell, comprising the vector of Claim 1.
 - 3. A process for isolating and purifying a protein, which comprises:
 - (a) treating the host cell of Claim 2 under conditions allowing expression of the vector, whereby a fusion protein of the first and second coding regions will be expressed;
 - (b) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein will adhere to the resin; and
 - (c) cleaving the expression product of the second coding region from the resin-bound fusion protein.
 - 4. A process for expressing a nucleic acid sequence, which comprises:
 - (a) inserting the nucleic acid sequence into a baculovirus expression vector in-frame with a first coding region for a polypeptide capable of binding to glutathione wherein the first coding region is operatively linked to a promoter;
- 55 (b) placing the vector into a host cell;
 - (c) treating the host cell under conditions allowing expression of the vector, resulting in expression of a fusion protein of the first coding region and the sequence inserted in step (a);

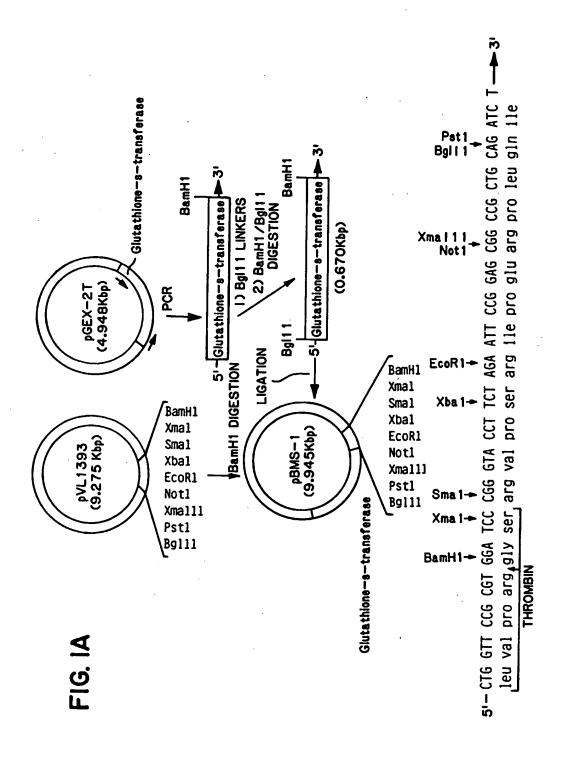
- (d) exposing proteins from the host cell to glutathione resin, whereby the fusion protein will adhere to the resin; and
- (e) treating the adhered fusion protein with a protease to release the expression product of the nucleic acid sequence from the resin.
- 5. The expression vector of Claim 1, wherein the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
- 6. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the cell is a Spodoptera frugiperda cell.
- 7. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the cell is a <u>Spodoptera</u> <u>frugiperda</u> cell and the expression vector comprises a baculovirus promoter.
 - 8. The process of Claim 3, wherein the host cell is a <u>Spodoptera</u> <u>frugiperda</u> cell and the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
 - The process of Claim 4, wherein the host cell is a <u>Spodoptera</u> <u>frugiperda</u> cell and the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
 - 10. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the cell is an Sf9 cell.

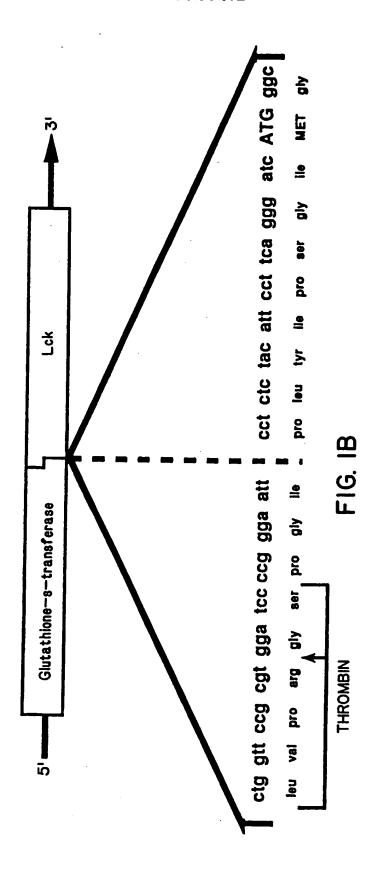
15

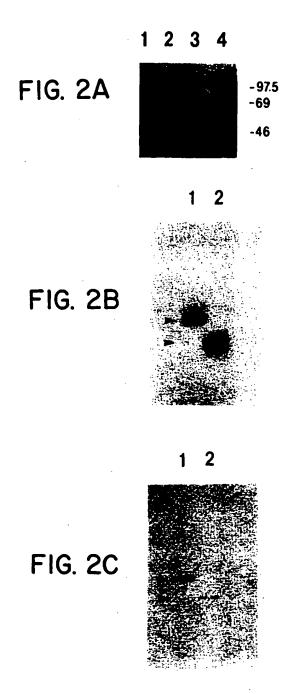
45

50

- 11. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the cell is an Sf9 cell and the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
- 12. The process of Claim 3, wherein the host cell is an Sf9 cell and the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
- 25 13. The process of Claim 4, wherein the host cell is an Sf9 cell and the promoter is a baculovirus promoter.
 - 14. The vector of Claim 1, wherein the second coding region is Lck, LynB, Syk, Blk, Fyn, or Yes.
 - 15. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the second coding region is Lck, LynB, Syk, Blk, Fyn, or Yes..
 - 16. The process of Claim 3, wherein the second coding region is Lck, LynB, Syk, Blk, Fyn, or Yes...
 - 17. The process of Claim 4, wherein the target protein is Lck protein.
- 18. The expression vector of Claim 1, wherein the first coding region encodes glutathione-s-transferase.
 - 19. The host cell of Claim 2, wherein the first coding region encodes glutathione-s-transferase.
 - 20. The process of Claim 3, wherein the first coding region encodes glutathione-s-transferase.
- 21. The process of Claim 4, wherein the first coding region encodes glutathione-s-transferase.







1 2 3 4

